

Thai Institute of Directors

Enterprise with Integrity



Thailand 4.0: Doing Business with Integrity

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What's 4.0?



Economy driven by technological change and innovation

Effects of technology are economy-wide

 The challenge is to manage the opportunities and the disruptions that come with technology change

This entails adjustment and reform

Key Features of a 4.0 Economy



1. Knowledge and Capabilities

- Education
- Access to Opportunities
- Freedom of Speech

2. Productivity-Enhancing

- Property Rights
- Efficient Market
- Equality and Inclusiveness

3. Governance

- Effective Rule of Law
- Transparency in Government
- Responsible Businesses

How to Strive for Better Governance?





Better Governance through Regulation



Legislative Amendments

- Enactment of the Class Action Act
 effective December 4 , 2015, facilitating
 minority shareholders to launch lawsuit
 against company/directors
- Securities and Exchange Act (SEA)
 amendment civil-sanctioning powers &
 provisions on market misconduct
- Strengthen Anti-Corruption Law to take action against companies that paid bribes



Launching New Code

Corporate Governance Code (CG Code)

Investment Governance Code (I Code)

Better Governance through Board Leadership



Knowledge

Director Programs

- Directors Certification Program
- Risk Management for Corporate Leader
- Driving Company Success with IT Governance
- Strategic Board Master Class

Independent Director

Chartered Directors Program

Forum & Conference

- Chairman/Director/Audit Committee Forum
- National Directors Conference

Best Practices/Survey

- Director Nomination/Compensation Best Practices
- Director Compensation Survey







CG Assessment





CGR

ASEAN CG Scorecard

Board of the Year Awards





Better Governance through Active Investor



The Thai Investors Association (TIA)

- AGM Evaluation Checklist Develop AGM Checklist System
- Statement on CG Concern of Listed Companies' practices
- Send qualified volunteers to attend all listed companies' annual general meetings and ask about CG and anti-corruption policy and practices.

Thai Institutional Investor



Fourteen asset management firms will separately launch mutual funds to invest in companies that comply with good corporate governance (CG) and are on the CG list (SET Sustainability Awards).



26 asset management companies and 27 insurance companies announcing the intention to bring "I Code" into practice

Better Governance through Collective Action



"To put good CG into practice through companies adopting clean business policy and high compliance standard"

Collective Action Coalition of the Private Sector against Corruption (CAC)

- Anti-Corruption training Programs
- National Conference on
 Collective Action Against Corruption
- Anti-Corruption business Survey
- Advocacy for improvements in government's policy and processes

CAC Companies

807 Companies - Signatory Companies*



434 Non-Listed Companies

121 Listed Companies

373 Listed Companies

79 Non-Listed Companies







200 Companies-Certified Companies*



The Results So Far



Thai Institute of Directors (IOD) CGR Scores



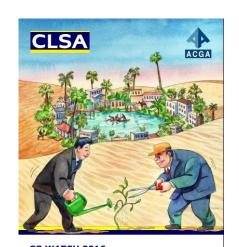


Source: CGR 2001-2016, Thai IOD



CG Watch - Asian Corporate Governance Association (ACGN) - CLSA Asia-Pacific Markets

CG Watch market scores: 2007 to 2016



Ecosystems matter
Asia's path to better home-grown governance

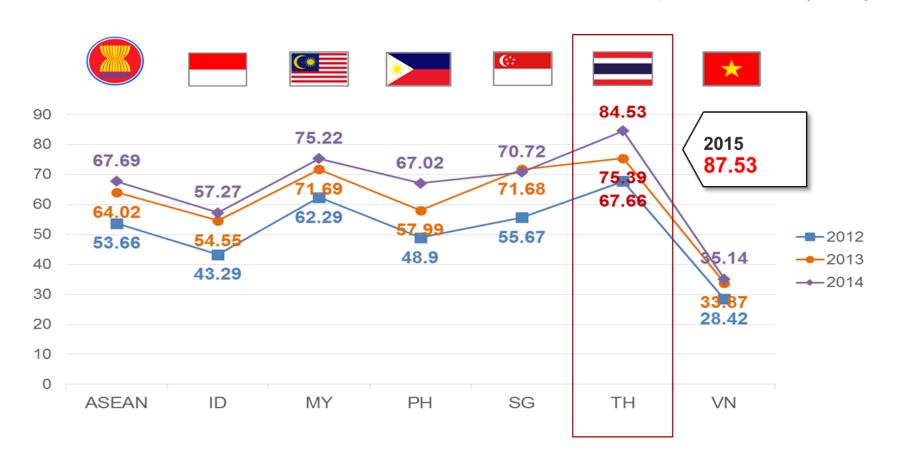
CG Watch market scores: 2007 to 2016				
2007	2010	2012	2014	2016
1. Hong Kong (67)	1. Hong Kong (67)	1. Singapore (69)	1. Hong Kong (65)	1. Singapore (67)
2. Singapore (65)	2. Singapore (65)	2. Hong Kong (66)	2. Singapore (64)	2. Hong Kong (65)
3. India (56)	3. Japan (57)	3. Thailand (58)	3. Japan (60)	3. Japan (63)
4. Taiwan (54)	4. Thailand (55)	4. Japan (55)	4. Thailand (58)	4. Taiwan (60)
5. Japan (52)	5. Taiwan (55)	5. Malaysia (55)	5. Malaysia (58)	5. Thailand (58)
6. Korea (49)	6. Malaysia (52)	6. Taiwan (53)	6. Taiwan (56)	6. Malaysia (56)
7. Malaysia (49)	7. India (49)	7. India (51)	7. India (54)	7. India (55)
8. Thailand (47)	8. China (49)	8. Korea (49)	8. Korea (49)	8. Korea (52)
9. China (45)	9. Korea (45)	9. China (45)	9. China (45)	9. China (43)
10. Philippines (41)	10. Indonesia (40)	10. Philippines (41)	10. Philippines (40)	10. Philippines (38)
11. Indonesia (37)	11. Philippines (37)	11. Indonesia (37)	11. Indonesia (39)	11. Indonesia (36)

Source: CG Watch 2007-2016, ACGA

ASEAN CG Scorecard: Thailand



ASEAN CG Scorecard - ASEAN Capital Markets Forum (ACMF) - Asian Development Bank (ADB)



Source: ASEAN CG Scorecard 2015, ADB

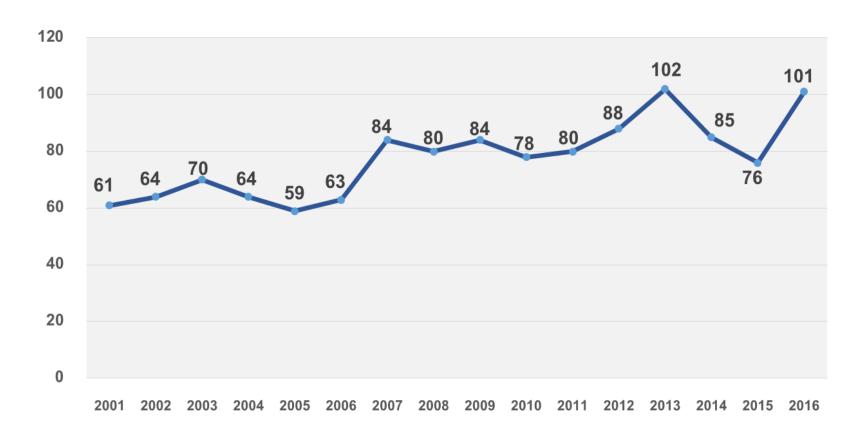
Corruption Perception Index





CPI - Thailand

(Higher number = more corruptions)



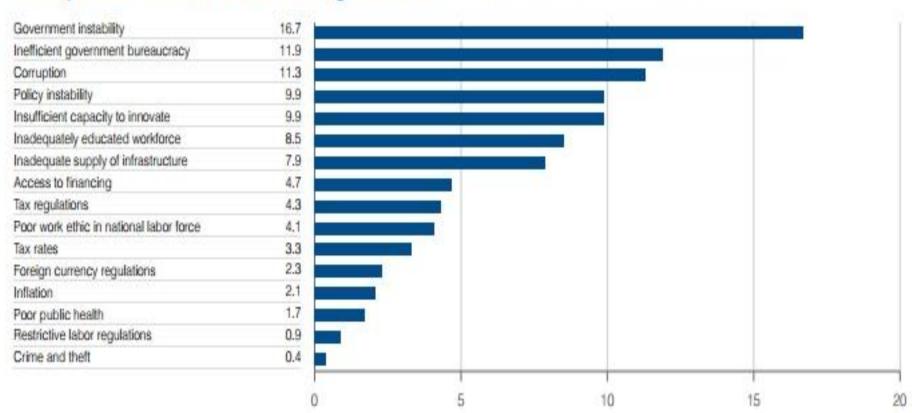
Note: Transparency International Corruption Perception Index, surveyed from business people and country analysts

Doing Business in Thailand





Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey 2016



Source: The Global Competitiveness Report 2015-2016

@ 2016 World Economic Forum

The Road Ahead



- Thailand has made a steady progress in corporate governance since the 1990s, but more remains to be done.
- Continued problem of corruption reflects ongoing weaknesses in the country's governance.
- The task ahead is to rebuild governance, which must be done at private and public sector levels, through effective rule of law, greater transparency, and bureaucratic reform.
- The private sector must be part of the solution, supported by an active civil society.



Q&A

